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| APPLICATION NO. | FILING DATE | ' FIRST NAMED INVENTOR | ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. | CONFIRMATION NO |
|--|---------------|------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------|
| 09/935,806 | 08/23/2001 | Dellas G. Frederiksen | 10005155-1 | 9598 |
| . 75 | 90 07/11/2005 | | EXAM | INER |
| HEWLETT-PACKARD COMPANY | | | LUU, LE HIEN | |
| Intellectual Property Administration P.O. Box 272400 | | | ART UNIT | PAPER NUMBER |
| Fort Collins, CO 80527-2400 | | | 2141 | |
| | | | DATE MAILED: 07/11/2005 | |

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

| | Application No. | Applicant(s) |
|--|---|--|
| | 09/935,806 | FREDERIKSEN, DELLAS G. |
| Office Action Summary | Examiner | Art Unit |
| | Le H. Luu | 2141 |
| The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply | pears on the cover sheet with the | correspondence address |
| A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1: after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period v - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). | 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be to within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) day will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS fror , cause the application to become ABANDON | imely filed sys will be considered timely. In the mailing date of this communication. ED (35 U.S.C. § 133). |
| Status | | |
| 1) ⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 04 M 2a) ⊠ This action is FINAL. 2b) ☐ This 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowar closed in accordance with the practice under E | action is non-final. nce except for formal matters, pr | |
| Disposition of Claims | | |
| 4) ☐ Claim(s) 1-20 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 1-20 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or | vn from consideration. | |
| Application Papers | | |
| 9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examine 10)☒ The drawing(s) filed on 23 August 2001 is/are: Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex | a)⊠ accepted or b)□ objected drawing(s) be held in abeyance. Se ion is required if the drawing(s) is ol | ee 37 CFR 1.85(a). Djected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). |
| Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119 | | · |
| 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies of the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies | s have been received. s have been received in Applicative documents have been received in Received. I (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). | tion No red in this National Stage |
| Attachment(s) | | |
| 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date | 4) Interview Summar Paper No(s)/Mail D 5) Notice of Informal (6) Other: | |

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1. Claims 1-20 are presented for examination.

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

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- 3. Claims 1-20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Tominaga, Pub. No. 2002/0015180, in view of Ferlitsch et al. (Ferlitsch), Pub. No. 2002/0089687.
- 4. As to claim 1, Tominaga teaches the invention substantially as claimed including a compute cycle brokering apparatus comprising:
 - a) a network (FIG. 1A and FIG. 1B);
- b) a plurality of machines connected to said network wherein some machines are idle and some machines are busy (page 8, para. [0172 0175]); and
- c) a process power broker (FIG. 1A, document server 102) connected to said network for locating available process power on idle machines (page 9, para. [0191]; wherein the idle printers are found by the system). However, Tominaga fails to teach directing pending jobs from busy machines to said idle machines for processing.

Fertitsch teaches a print processor that can detect status of printing devices such as printing device is offline, busy, ready to print, etc. If a print task is initially directed to a printing device that is unavailable, busy, or otherwise unable to function for the current task, the print processor redirects the print task to another printing device that is available for use. This device to which the task is directed may be the device initially selected by a user, or another device selected by the print processor according to availability or some other parameters (pages 1 and 3-4, para. [0012], [0033], and [0041-0047]).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the Computer Art at the time of the invention to combine the teachings of Tominaga and Ferlitsch to direct pending jobs from busy printers to printers that are ready to print or idle because it would prevent printing task delays when a default or preferred printer or printers are busy.

- 5. As to claim 2, Ferlitsch teaches the process power broker includes a job director for directing job output back to the busy machine for output (pages 4 and 6, para. [0048] and [0062]).
- 6. As to claim 3, Ferlitsch teaches the process power broker includes a job director for directing job output to the first available machine for output (pages 3-4 para. [0040-0041]).

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- 7. As to claims 4-5, Tominaga the machines are MFPs and printers (page 2 para. [0050]).
- 8. As to claim 6, Tominaga teaches the network comprises an intranet (paragraph [0047]; wherein the private network is the intranet).
- 9. As to claim 7, Tominaga teaches the network comprises an Internet (paragraph [0047]; wherein the public network is the Internet).
- 10. Claims 8-20 have similar limitations as to claims 1-7; therefore, they are being rejected under the same rationale.
- 11. Claims 1-20 provisionally rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-20 of copending Application No. 09/847,878. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because the context of the claimed invention is the same as the context of the cited claims of the U.S. patent applications.

This is a <u>provisional</u> obviousness-type double patenting rejection because the conflicting claims have not in fact been patented.

12. The non-statutory double patenting rejection, whether of the obviousness-type or non-obviousness-type, is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public

policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985) *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970); and *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

- 13. A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a non-statutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent is shown to be commonly owned with this application. See 37 CFR 1.130(b).
- 14. Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).
- 15. In the remarks, applicant argued in substance that
- (A) Prior art does not teach directing pending jobs from busy machines to idle machines for processing.

As to point (A), Fertitsch teaches a print processor that can detect status of printing devices such as printing device is offline, busy, ready to print, etc. If a print task

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is initially directed to a printing device that is unavailable, busy, or otherwise unable to function for the current task, the print processor redirects the print task to another printing device that is available for use. This device to which the task is directed may be the device initially selected by a user, or another device selected by the print processor according to availability or some other parameters (pages 1 and 3-4, para. [0012], [0033], and [0041-0047]).

- 16. Applicant's arguments filed on 03/04/05 have been fully considered but they are not deemed to be persuasive.
- 17. THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 C.F.R. § 1.136(a).

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR RESPONSE TO THIS FINAL ACTION IS SET TO EXPIRE THREE MONTHS FROM THE DATE OF THIS ACTION. IN THE EVENT A FIRST RESPONSE IS FILED WITHIN TWO MONTHS OF THE MAILING DATE OF THIS FINAL ACTION AND THE ADVISORY ACTION IS NOT MAILED UNTIL AFTER THE END OF THE THREE-MONTH SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD, THEN THE SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD WILL EXPIRE ON THE DATE THE ADVISORY ACTION IS MAILED, AND ANY EXTENSION FEE PURSUANT TO 37 C.F.R. § 1.136(a) WILL BE CALCULATED FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THE ADVISORY ACTION. IN NO EVENT WILL THE STATUTORY PERIOD FOR RESPONSE EXPIRE LATER THAN SIX MONTHS FROM THE DATE OF THIS FINAL ACTION.

18. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Le H. Luu whose telephone number is 571-272-3884. The examiner can normally be reached on 7:00am - 4:30pm.

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supervisor, Rupal Dharia can be reached on 571-272-3880. The fax phone number for

the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for

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you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic

Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

LE HIEN LUU PRIMARY EXAMINER

June 30, 2005

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